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Production Plans of Explosives Plants in Gnaschwitz and Schoenebeck

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GNASCHWITZ and SCHOENEBECK Plants, Production Schedules for 1949 and 1950:

Explosives material 1949 1950 17 500 tons Explosives 25 800 tons Detonators and electric fuzes 17 400 (mille) 32 400 (mille) 12 000 (mille) 18 000 (mille) Percussion capt Safety fuzos 22 000 (1000m) 57 600 (1000 m)

The comparatively large increase of the 1950 schedule is remarkable. This schedule includes a safety fuze production share the SCHOFREBECK (H 53/D 78) Explosive Plant. 25X1A

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The forser GNASCHWITZ Explosive and Safety Fuze Plant and the Lignose-Explosive Plant in SCHOENEBECK were expropriated by the State in 1946 and are now assigned to the "Organa" VVB ("Vereinigung Volkseigener Betriebe" - Combined National Enterprises), Main Administration "Chemical Industry."

The GMASCHWITZ Plant had the following annual production capacity in 1938:

Nitro glycerine - 10,000 tons - 21,200 tons Nitro glycol

The SCHOENEBECK Plant had the following annual production capacity in 1938:

Trinitrotoluol (poured weight)
Trinitrotoluol (pressed weight) - 12,000 tons 144 tons Nitro glycerine 540 tops : Nitro glycol 540 tohs4 Fulrinating mercury 9 tohs 10 tops Lead acid 1.5 tongate: Tetracene Lead picrate Acatylene copper 4.4 tons

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Director of Cantul Intelligence to the APDP82-00457R004200420009-4 Next Review Date: 2008

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d. According to a later report (F) the GNASCHWITZ Plant was severely damaged by an explosion in September 1949. The production of explosives therefore amounted to only 6.4 tons for the period from 10 to 20 September, compared with 280 tons during the same period in August. The safety fuze department was not damaged in this disaster and therefore continued the former rate of production.

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